## **BRANCHLINER**

# Supplying the Railhead

### **SCOPE**

- Work Package 3 Road Logistics.
- Work Packages 4 & 5 Timber Supply and Facilitation

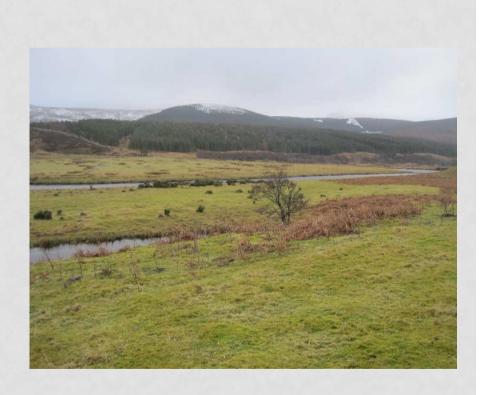


### FORECASTING FUTURE TIMBER PRODUCTION

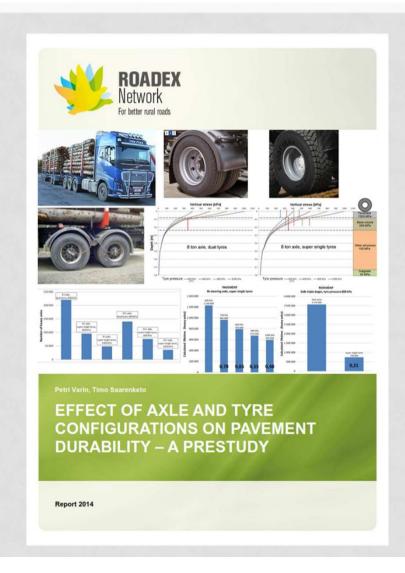
- > Design and Electronic Circulation
- > Face to face communications
- ➤ Timber production data to arrive at forecast for 2016 -20

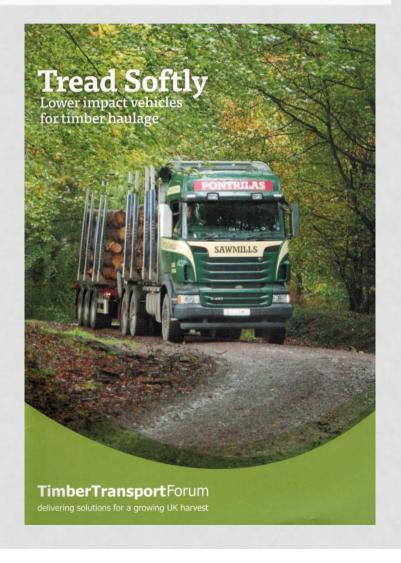
#### Results

- > 167,000 tonnes of wind blow
- > 500,750 tonnes "other"
- ➤ Equates to an average of 134,000 tonnes per annum.
- Assuming 25 tonnes per lorry then 5,360 lorry loads per annum would be required



# References





# TIMBER TRUCK





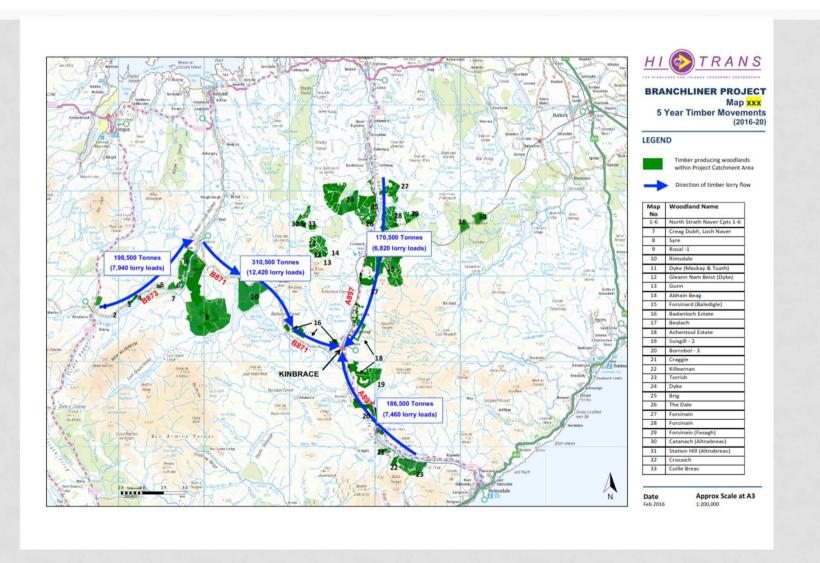
# UK LOW GROUND PRESSURE VEHICLES



## FINNISH 84 TONNE "LITTLE GIANT"



#### BRANCHLINER CATCHMENT AREA AND FLOWS



# TRAIN OPTIONS

Road Number/Location	Lorry loads required to meet 140k tonnes/per annum	Lorry Loads required to meet 112k tonnes/per annum.	Lorries required to deliver timber to Kinbrace.
A897: Forsinain - Kinbrace	7 loads per day. (5 day week, 40 week, = 35,000 tonnes/annum).	7 loads per day. (4 day week, 40 week year = 28,000 tonnes/annum)	2.0 trucks/per day.
A897: Kildonan - Kinbrace	8 loads per day. (5 day week, 40 week year, annual figure 40,000 tonnes)	7 loads per day. (4 day week, 40 week year = 32,000 tonne/annum)	2.0 trucks/per day.
B871/B873: Syre - Kinbrace	13 loads per day. (5 day week, 40 week year = 65,000 tonnes/annum).	12 loads per day. (4 day week, 40 week year = 52,000 tonnes/annum).	3.0 trucks/per day.

### STOCKPILING TIMBER

- > Stacking in the forest
- Loading directly onto train wagons
- > Avoiding double handling costs
- > Handling different products

#### Consider

- > Allowing timber to dry in forest
- > Value being determined by:
  - > Measurement by volume
  - Agreeing formulae for assessing moisture content to derive dry weight against weighbridge measurements



### MARKETING MECHANISMS

- > Operator at the railhead taking ownership
- Possibly a Growers cooperative or business partnership
- >Timber to be paid for on delivery to the railhead
- Growers cooperative could guarantee continuity of timber supply
- Potential to act as a catalyst for realising full financial potential presently locked up
- Cooperative may help attract rail freight commitment to invest and support the facilities.

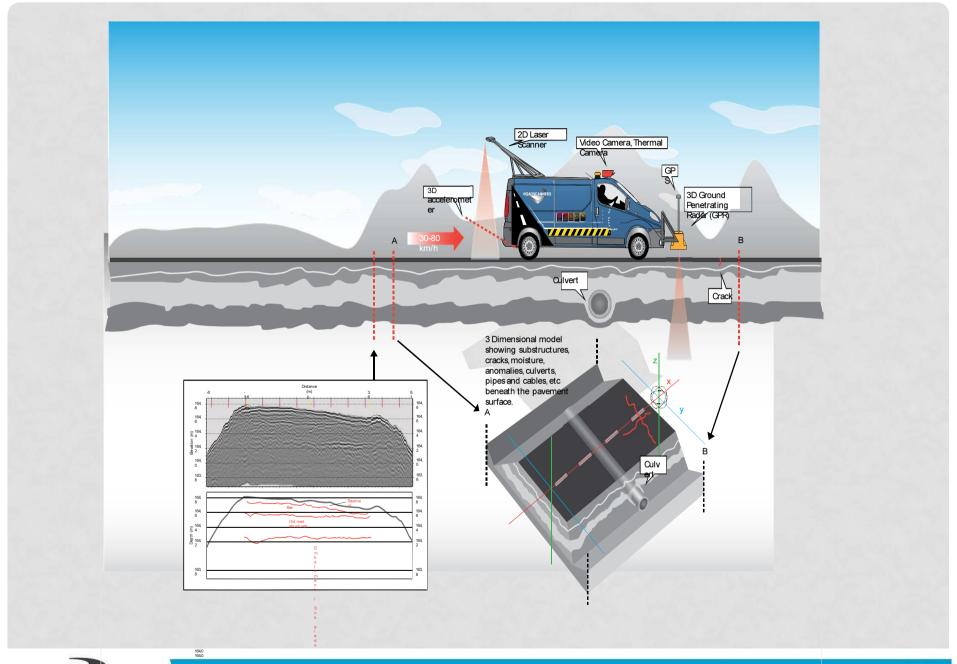
### EXPECTATION OF ROAD DAMAGE

- > Road network will deteriorate
- Consider owner cooperative to manage network with THC
- Commission innovative approach to monitoring and assessing the network

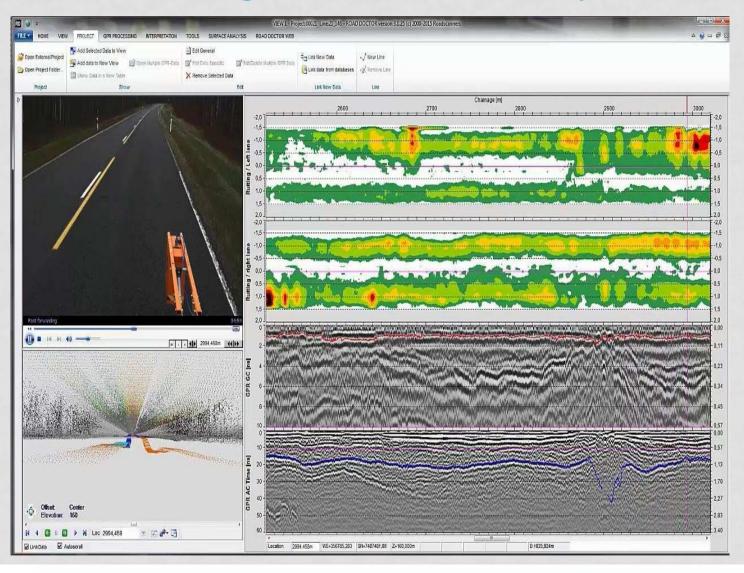
#### Funding could be realised by:

- > Use of red diesel
- ➤ A timber premium to go directly to the cooperative
- Direct contribution from owners based on tonnage being hauled





# Road Asset Management can easily be 3D

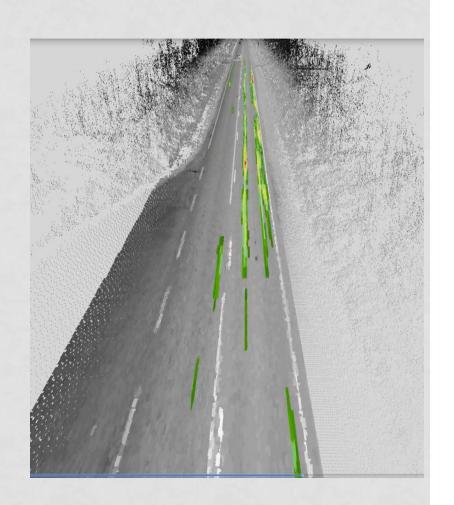




### New developments since 2013

- Point cloud visualisation
- Presenting results in point cloud
- Measuring of changes between point clouds
- Green = Minorchange
- \_ Yellow = Major change

Red = more than 6mm/year!





### Summary

- ➤ Potential to deliver between 112,000 and 140,000 tonnes over a 40 week year.
- > Timber will be loaded directly onto train wagons, stock piles to be within forests.
- It is anticipated that 7 trucks based at Kinbrace will be required to service the haulage.
- ➤ Paradigm shift required by owners/agents to manage haulage and road space allocation perhaps best handled by a cooperative of forest owners.
- ➤ Additional funding will be required to protect and improve the road infrastructure.
- The owners cooperative to manage the future monitoring, assessment and repair of the road network.
- Modal shift required to measure and market harvested timber.

# THANK YOU

QUESTIONS?